MEXICO.

RESTORATION OF SANTA ANNA.

We extract the following items of the latest nev from Mexico, being from Vera Cruz to the 23d ult., as prepared for The N. O. Picayune:

The news is of the first importance. Santa Anna has been formally invited back into the country, his titles and honors and immense estates restored to him by special decree. He is invited to come at once by way of Tampico, where Gen. Woll is to meet him at the head of 1,000 men. This, the decree says, is only an act of justice to the hero of a thousand lost battles; a debt rather which the nation owes to one of its most illustries.

illustrious sons.

The private claims of British subjects in Mexico.

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state of things there, almost a civil war among the in-habitants, growing out of the quarrel between Miramon and Zuloaga. The former had even threatened the arrest of his old confederate, and was only prevented from putting the threat into execution by the interfe-

from putting the threat into execution by the interference of the diplomatic corps.

The United States sloop-of-war Brooklyn, Capt. Farragut, arrived at Vera Cruz from Minatitlan on the 17th, Mr. McLane, the United States Minister, on board. The United States sloop-of-war Savannah, Capt. Jarvis, had been relieved by the Saratoga, Capt. Turner, from Pensacola.

The following is the formal decree by which Santa Anna has been restored to his rank in the Mexican army:

ATMY: WAR DEPARTMENT, (Mexico), May 13.

His Excellency, the President Substitute, (Miramon), always actuated by the strictest sense of justice, and firmly convinced that the decree of November 27, 1855, depriving the General of Division, D. Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna, well deserving of his country, of his rank in the army, originated in the high political excitement of the day; and persuaded that the long military carrier and glorious decide of arms of that personage cannot be ignored or obscured, without obscuring also the actional glory, always desirous, moreover, of worthly rewarding true merit, his Excellency has been pleased to decree:

That the aforesaid General of Division, D. Anto Lopez de Santa Anna, be hereby restored to his rank in the army.

By order of the President:

(Signed)

(Signed)

ANTONIO CORONO.

Transmitting the decree to its destination the Minister of War also takes occasion to say that therein the Supreme Government is desirous of bearing witness, not only to the services the distinguished exile has rendered to his country, and the glories he has conquered, but to the fact that Mexico is angrateful to those who

have served her well.

Commenting likewise on the decree, as also on the restoration of the old chieftain's estates and his prob-

restoration of the old chieftain's estates and his probable speedy return to the country, the official paper takes occasion to say, "that it is an event of the highest importance and may be considered as the inauguration of a new policy in the country."

At last accounts from the island, Santa Anna was still at St. Thomas, preparing, it was said, to return to Carthagena. It would be curious fit should turn out that, advised of the course of events, he was then already packing up to return, no longer an exile, to the land of his birth.

As to the future, it would be strange, if once back

land of his birth.

As to the future, it would be strange, if once back again, the old chieftain, always so iertile in resources, and now so powerful by his immense wealth, did not succeed in placing himself at the head of the Government again. And this appears to be but general expectation. His career, however, will be short, as he is last approaching the time of life when men cease to be active, though he is said still to preserve his faculties entire, and to be actuated by all the ambition of youth.

The Central Government of Mexico has issued a circular, in which it states that the withdrawal of the

City of Mexico, and others, was not dictated by any feeling of hostility against the United States. On the contrary, peaceable American citizens will be protected by all the force of the Government. Mr. Black was still at the capital, where, he remains at the request of Mr. McLane.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ARMY OF THE NORTH.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ARKH OF THE ROCK of the North, now under command of Zuazua, numbering 2,000 well armed men (riflemen), had its headquarters at San Luis Potosi, whither Vidaurri was constantly dispatching reinforce-

ments.

The General himself, however, as we also have in telligence direct, was operating in the States of Querelaro and Guanajuato.

The Liberalists of the frontier would seem to keep up good courage, as they also report to the purser that at the latest accounts then received the jurisdiction of the Central Government "was confined to the cities of Mexico and Puebla," a delusion which the approach of the expedition against Tampico will probably serve to remove.

Pemove.
By formal decrees of the Governor, the State of Tamaulipas has been divided into two judicial circuits, for the better administration of justice.
The Tamaulipas "reserves," under command of Col. Garcia, numbering 1,000 men, well armed and equipped, had been incorporated in the army of the North, and left San Luis Potosi for the campaign of

North, and left San Luis Potosi for the campagn of the South.

The Boletin of Monterey congratulates itself on the escape of Gen. Echavarna, and three other officers of the army of the North, who had fallen into the hands of Marquez, at Tacubaya.

The Governor of Tampico has, in a formal note dated the 3d inst., in reply to a note from United States Consul Chase, of the same date, refused to deliver up for punishment in the United States the seamen J. H. Pilter and Wellington Mears, of the brig Nahum Stetson, from this port, charged by the captain with laving stolen a large sum of money from on board.

After leaving Vera Cruz, the French fleet, all Winter at Sacrificios, under command of Admiral Penaud, went to Tampico, in which waters it was cruising at inst accounts.

KANSAS.

THE PIKE'S PEAK HUMBUG. Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune. SUMNER, K. T., May, 23, 1859.

The unclouded dawn of our business season, the animation of trade and the thrift of speculation, have

all gone out, " In the gloom of earthquake and colipse."

The vague foreshadowing of the unreal character of the Pike's Peak gold mines, which has thrown a

the Pike's Peak gold mines, which has thrown a gloom over the spirits of many a brave band of mines, has at length given place to the full significance of that word of wee, pregnant with ruin and misery to thousands—Humbug.

Some ten days ago a company of enterprising young men left this place for the mines, some for the purpose of gold digging and others for that of trading. They traveled slowly but without accident until they traveled slowly but without accident until they traveled the west fork of the Grasshopper, where, during a halt, one of their number, a Mr. Joslyn, went into the stream to bathe. He was a good swimmer, and, the stream being high, one of his comrades requested him to dive down and ascertain its depth. He did so, rose immediately, went down again, again arose, a third time arose, a third time went down, and and, the stream being high, one of his comrades requested him to dive down and ascertain its depth. He did so, rose immediately, went down again, again arose, a third time arose, a third time went down, and a third time came to the surface, when he called for help. Alas! the poor fellow had been drowning. Two of his comrades went to his assistance with their clothes on, but the rapidity of the current and the violent struggles of the dying man rendered all efforts to save him unavailing. Diligent search was made for his body, but without success.

Mr. Joslyn was a native of Vermont, in which State his relatives are still living. He was, I am informed, the only son of worthy parents, the only brother of two youthful and interesting sisters, and the lover of a pions and amiable young lady, with whom he bad made an engagement of marriage. To all of these his death must be a sad and inconsolable bereavement, as it has been an occurrence of the most painful character to our whole community.

The other members of the company pursued their course rome distance further, until the discouraging reports which met them at every step induced them to turn back. Hundreds, nay, thousands, of gold-seekers are returning homeward, having in most instances become thoroughly disheartened before reaching the nines. Rumors without number are affoot, buttheir contradictory nature renders it impossible to discern between truth and falsehood.

No further distant than the Nemaha, flour is selling at \$1.50 per sack, bacon at 5 cents, and picks and shovels are thrown away.

at \$1.50 per sack, bacon at 5 cents, and picks and shovels are thrown away. Whatever credence may be safely given to the various reports concerning the gold mines which are now in circulation, the fact that a feeling of uneasiness and apprehension of coming cvil oppresses the people of Eastern Kansas, does not admit of doubt.

Canada.—The prevailing question at present on the north side of the lakes is the dissolution of the Union between Upper and Lower Canada. Although the French and English population of those provinces seem opposed on all other questions involving Constitutional changes, the press of the country appears to foresee and to admit the necessity of a dissolution of the Union between the Canadas. The discontent which exists seems indeed to be serious and wide spread. Clubs and conspiracies are spoken of as increasing. In view of this state of things, the Governor contemplates a change of advisers, but it is very spread. Clubs and conspiracies are spoken of as in-creasing. In view of this state of things, the Gover-nor contemplates a change of advisers, but it is very questionable whether any change of that nature will effect a cure. The source of the disorder lies far deeper. The population of Canada West will not be satisfied with anything short of independence and self-government. [Albany Journal.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE NEW-YORK SANITARY ASSOCIATION. A regular meeting of this body was held on Thursday night at the Cooper Institute, Gen. MATHER, the President of the Association, in the chair. The attendance was not large.

endance was not large.

Notice having been given at a previous meeting of the resignation of Dr. C. R. Agnew, the Corresponding Secretary, Mr. HARVEY T. CLEAVELAND was nominated and unanimously elected as his successor to the collect.

A letter of resignation from Mr. Charles W. Elliott. Treasurer of the Association, was read by PROSPER M. WETMORE, who moved the appointment of Mr.

M. WETRORK, Who moved the appointment of all.

NATHASIEL HAYDES. Carried.

DR. GRISCOM was interested in the condition of the
underground population of New-York, and desired to
have the matter more fully investigated. He said that
there were hundreds of people living in subterranean cells, having no other entrance than a hole, like caves—certainly no better—in some of which as many as twenty-five individuals slept nightly, occupying a space no larger than the size of a small bed-room. The condition of this class of people was indescribably

Mr. HALLIDAY, of the Committee on Tenement

Mr. Halliday, of the Committee on Tenement Houses, with the unanimous permission of the meeting, then read an interesting report on that subject.

"Three years since the whole number of buildings of all descriptions in this city was some 55,000; this includes of course, buildings occupied exclusively as stores, and all public buildings, churches, &c. Several of the lower wards are nearly occupied by stores. The city is divided into twenty-two wards. In 1856 inneteen of these wards contained a population of 535,027 inhabitants, divided into 112,535 families, averaging a little less than five souls in each family. For the accommodation of these 112,535 families residing in nincteen wards, there were \$5,082 dwellings, averaging about three amilies occupying an entire house, 7,145 of these dwellings contain two families, 4,600 contain each three families. Thus, while 24 555 of these dwellings shelter but 13,210 families, the remaining 15,625 bouses have to over 76,820 families; averaging nearly six families to each house. Showing that about three-fourths of the whole population of New York live averaging but a fraction less than six families in a house, while only about one family in ten occupy a whole house the following table will also who the families are apportioned to these dwellings:

No. of No. of No. of No. of

No. of	No. of	No. of	No. of
Families.	Houses.	Families.	Houses
1	12,717	25	9
2	7,147	26	25
3	4,600	27	1
4	3.256	23	1
fi	2,055	1 200 CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE S	1
6	1,960	30	4
7	1.487	32	2
B	1,444	34	1
9		35	2
10	. 556	36	5
11	175	37	
12	Carrie	38	
13	300	40	
14	168	42	1
15,	90	43	1
16,,,,,,		45	2
17	148	48	1
18	63	50	1
19	15	54	
20	166	16	
21	9	57	
22,	28	87	
29,		94	
24	58		

24.

"There are many single blocks of dwellings containing twice the number of families residing on the whole of Fifth avenue; or more than a continuous row of dwellings similar to those on the Fifth avenue there are four miles in length. There is a multitude of these squares, any ten of which contain a larger population than the whole of the city of Hartford, which covers an area of several miles. In 1850 the entire population of this city was 515,394. Number of families, 35,698. Whole number of dwellings, 37,677.

"Philadelphia in 1850 contained a population of 466,762, divided into 72,392 families. To accommodate these families there were 61,273 dwellings. With a population of 107,000 amalier than New-York, Philadelphia had 23,601 more dwellings than New-York, Philadelphia had 23,601 more dwellings than New-York,

"Beilimore, in 1850, with a population of 270,646 in 34,925 fam-liles, had 30,065 dwellings.

illier, hed 19, 60: devellings.

Baston, ind a population of 7,28. Boston and Chelesa included had 25,15 families and 15,55 devellings.

"The extreme value of land in New York makes tenement houses a necessity. They have sprung up within a few years, and have now become so numerous, and the smouth of capital invested in them is so enormous, and the interest paid to the owners in the shape of rent is as great that it will be almost an impossibility to accomplish any reform. In one case, where the exhibition is a straight of the tenerous of the control of the control of the control is arranged for the accommodation of 126 families, the rates charged, fifth nonmental health of the control o

scommodations, and from their deeper poverty neigh compensation stop here, the mortality would be most horribly increased."

Dr. Guiscon stated that Lieut. Viele had prepared a series of large sized charts, illustrative of the water courses, swamps, ridges and rocks of the lower part of Manhattan Island, as they originally existed. This was an interesting and important subject, he remarked, as it had been asserted by responsible medical gentlemen that the unhealthy and contagious localities of the city were so closely connected with the direction of the original swamps that the position of the direction of the original swamps that the position of the latter could easily be shown by following the course of the former. He moved that the Secretary should be instructed to call a special incetting of the Association to listen to a lecture by Lieut. Viele, at the Chapel of the University Medical College, in Founteenth street, on Thursday evening next. Carried.

Mr. P. M. Wetmork then took up the subject of the Street Inspectorship in a lengthy speech. He denounced the action of Street Inspector Downing, and argued that the employment of a great number of cents and men on the part of the Mayor on sanitary pretensions, though a good move in view of the next election, would not answer the full demands of sanitary inspection. He also charged the reporters of the press with giving Mr. Downing a more favorable aspect before the eyes of the public on a certain occasion to which he alhided, than that functionary deserved.

The following resolution was then offered by Mr. Wetmork, and carried.

Resolved, That in the sense of this Association, the simple set of attempting to clean the public on a certain occasion to the sanitary government of the city.

Dr. TUTHILL of The Next Fork Times said that the reports referred to by Mr. Wetmore were not written for any of the daily papers, by the reporters, but had been sent in by some person connected with Mr. Downing, for which they were very thankful at the time, as the reports cont

COMMISSIONERS OF POLICE. This Board met yesterday afternoon, at Police Head-quarters, President STILLMAN in the chair, and all the members present. The meeting, as usual, was held with closed doors, the business of the Board, as was remarked by one of the Commissioners, being strictly private.

private.

At the adjournment, the Clerk informed the reportAt the adjournment, the Third Ward, Geo. L. Hall
ers that Louis Roth of the Third Ward, Geo. L. Hall
of the Twentieth, and Jacob Kirchoff of the Fourth,

resigned their positions as patrolines, and the resigna-tions were accepted.

A resolution was adopted that all of the policemen who are on duty or stationed at the piers and docks be requested to report to the General Superintendent all violations of the Harbor laws that come under their notice, and that the General Superintendent be re-quested to report the same to the Harbor Commis-

cases of the old police are still under advise ment by the Committee to whem they were referred, but no definite plan for the settlement of the same has yet been adopted. The next regular meeting of the Board will be on Friday, 11th inst.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

The stated meeting of the Managers was held at the Bible House on Thursday, the Hon. LUTBER BRADISH in the chair. Five new auxiliaries were recognized, one in each of the States of Connecticut, Ohio, Wisconsin, Illinois and California.

Communications were received from Wm. Wightson, esq., Tubac, Arizona, acknowledging the receipt of books granted by this Society; from agents and friends showing the destitution that exists in many parts of the country, and the consequent need of a

parts of the country, and the consequent need of a continued and energetic distribution; from Lieut. Hill of U. S. A., in Utah, in regard to books left there by of U. S. A., in Utah, in regard to books left there by Mr. Van Emmon, and stating a willingness on the part of several officers in the army to attend to them; from the Rev. C. H. Bishop, a Wesleyan Missionary in Hayti, returning thanks for a grant of books; from the Rev. Messrs, Damon and Clark, Honolein, with an order for additional supplies of the Hawaiian and English Testament, and stating the increasing demand in the Sandwich Islands, both among natives and foreigners; from the Rev. Mr. Culbertson and Dr. Bridgman, Sharchas, in research to religious propuests of China.

Shanghae, in Fegard to religious prospects of China, and the want of a good translation of the whole Rible, approving of the version so far as completed, made by the Committee appointed by this Board.

Grants were made to the Massachusetts Sunday School Ution; to the Presbyterian Board of Missions, for the Navy Yard in Pensacola; to the Agent of the Methodist Book Concern at Pittsburgh; Mpongwe Scriptures to A. B. F. C. Missions; books in Portinguese, French and German, for Brazil; to the Presbyrian Board of Foreign Missions, for distribution at Greytown and in St. Domingo; books in English, Spanish and Portuguese, for seamen at Providence, R. I.; 276 Testaments in various languages, for distribution by captains of vessels in foreign ports; books in English and German for depository at Smyrna; with twelve volumes for the blind, and many of smaller amount. A grant in money of \$2,500 was made for printing the Modern Syriac Testament in Oroomiah.

There Men Injured by the Premature Expression of a Blast.—A serious accident occurred vesterday on the farm of Thomas Savage, on the Slayton's Bush road, about 24 miles from this city. Mr. Savage had several men at work blasting rock, and two, named respectively Edmonds and John X. Jones, were ramming the powder into the rock with an iron bar. Regarding this as dangerous, he warned them that an explosion might occur at any moment, but they told him that was the customary method. Hardly had they spoken when the bar struck a spark from the rock, and an explosion occurred, throwing the rock in all directions, and discharging a shower of fragments about the heads of both Edmonds and Jones. Both are quite seriously hurt, though it is hoped both will recover. They were brought to Dr. Wolcott's office, but were taken home before their wounds were dressed by him. Mr. Savage had withdrawn some little distance, but was somewhat injured about the face and head. [Utica Herald, 1st.] THERE MEN INJURED BY THE PREMATURE EX

about the face and head. [Utica Herald, ist.]

A SCENE.—The daughter of Mr. Clark Smith of Canterbury, Orange County, whose burning we noticed yesterday, died on Saturday evening. Her funeral took place on Monday afternoon, and was attended with some peculiar and touching circumstances. At a recent festival given by Mr. Marvin at Canterbury, this young Miss was made the Queen of May, and was attended by twelve of her young companions as maids of honor. The dress she wore on that occasion was used as her funeral shroud, and the twelve maids of honor formed the sad cortege. d as her funeral successor formed the sad cortege.

Poughkeepsie Press, June 1.

CITY ITEMS.

THE WEATHER .- We had a regular Summer day yesterday. Early in the morning there was a brief but violent thunderstorm, with a pouring rain for a few minutes. The whole day was uncomfortably warm and sultry, with now and then a shower of rain, making it a splendid specimen of fine growing weather. The evening was showery, thundery, and everything midsummery.

son of this house closes on Monday evening next, there will be a performance given on Tuesday evening for the benefit of Mr. Theodore Moss, the Treasurer of the house. Mr. Wallack and all the company have

MUSICAL FESTIVAL AT JONES'S WOOD,-It is with pleasure we repeat that the American Musical Fund Society, in conjunction with the New-York Musical Mutual Protection Association, give, on Monday and Tuesday next, June 6 and 7, a grand musical pic-nic in Jones's Wood, which promises to be one of the plea entest entertainments of the kind this season, both on account of the liberal arrangements which have been made to secure order and comfort on the grounds the open air, in which over 200 instrumentalists will take part, assisted by several of our best German singing societies; dancing, for which five large platforms are provided, each with a complete orchestra; and a brilliant display of fireworks is to conclude the festivities. Much good sense has been shown in the selection of the music, which comprises many great classical pieces, well suited to the occasion, such as La Chasse pieces, well smied to the occasion, such as La Chasse du Jeune Henri, by Mehul; Mendelssohn's celebrated Military March, Meyerbeer's Fackel Tanz, &c., and we make bold to say that the public will not hesitate to show their approval of this move on the part of our musicians to do something themselves for the benefit of their fund.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATER .- This evening a complimentary benefit to Miss Laura Keene comes off at this house. The pieces are, "All that Glitters is not Gold," and the "Pet of the Petticoats," in both of which Miss Keene sustains the leading characters. The word "complimentary," as an intensive word before the technical term "benefit," has been so often misused, that we deem it not out of place to state here, and now, that this benefit, as we understand the facts, is "complimentary" in the true sense of the word, being a genuine testimonial from the company over which Miss Keene has presided for the last season. All of the members of the company, who are in the cast, the orchestra, the machinists and artisans belonging to the establishment, we have no doubt have volunteered their labor for the night, and give their services without remuneration, solely out of the good will they bear toward the fair beneficiary. Such a compliment is richly merited by Miss Keene, who has certainly conducted the business of her theater this present season with much ability, and has labored bard to win the success she has achieved, and has so well deserved. She has been indefatigable in her exertions, having acted nearly every night of the entire season of nine months, be-side giving her personal supervision to the getting up of the plays, and attending to the many things behind the scenes, of which the public is blissfully ignorant, but which cost the manager infinite toil to set and

There is probably no actress in the city who has afforded unmixed delight to so many happy audiences during the past Winter, and there is none who better deserves the compliment of an overflowing house, than Miss Laura Keene.

The performance at the French Theater this even ing is for the benefit of Mile. Chevalier, a charming and industrious member of that popular establishment. The programme contains three pieces, among them La Bienvenue à New-York, a piece in a single act, from the pen of one of the most accomplished journalists of New-York. We shall go to applaud the fair beneficiary, and to admire the work of a cotem-porary whose wit and keenness we have often had to

We made a notice yesterday of The Musical Friend, a weekly publication of music—songs and short pieces, by Mr. Seymour, and sold for next to nothing

and Guest are so much alike that they will be confounded, and we think it oversteps the line of "the trade mark" so to imitate. Every one has a right to publish music or anything else, but a title should not be invaded, even by implication. This one is edited by Mr. H. C. Watson, and is an excellent compend of pieces-parlor, operatic, and religious. Sold for 10 ents also, and published by Bell & Co.

NIBLO'S GARDES .- To-night Mr. Edmond Pellet appears at this house, for the first time, in the charcter of " Hamlet." Mr. Pellet is from California, where he was well known as a leading actor. He has for some time past been teaching elecution in this city, and now, at the request of his class, he makes his first essay before a New-York audience.

DEPARTURE OF THE REV. J. S. INSKIP AND LADY OR EUROPE .- The Rev. J. S. Inskip, Pastor of the Senmen's M. E. Church, Cherry-street, in this city, nd lady sailed for Europe yesterday, on board of the hip Isaac Webb, and were accompanied some 15 niles below Sandy Hook by a large number of their friends. A meeting was formed on board, which was presided over by Thomas H. Marshall, esq., and resotions were adopted, expressive of their sentiments oward their beloved pastor and his wife, also tenderng a vote of thanks to Captain Hutchings, of the ship, for his kindness in permitting the friends of Mr. Inskip to accompany them down the Bay. Mr. Inskip replied in a few appropriate remarks. After partaking of a sumptuous dinner on board, prepared for them by Captain Hutchings, the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Inskip left the ship, and as she set sall, a most enthusiastic farewell cheer was given the tourists.

FOURTH WARD READING AND COFFEE ROOM.— Drunkenness in the Fourth Ward is an institution. There is in it one grog-shop to every four male residents. If those places did not pay, of course they would not exist, and as four men must do a deal of drinking to support one tippling shop, it is fair to conclude that the amount of bad liquor consumed there must be semething enormous. It has occurred to certain philanthropic individuals that this must be a good place in which to fight the devil, and they propose to do it by holding out a temptation to virtue.

Recognizing the fact that the young need amusement and relaxation, they propose to open places of resort where these can be had without tippling, and some-thing else provided which the grog-shop cannot give. Accordingly, they have determined, if means can be procured, to open a Reading and Coffee Room, which hall be made attractive to young men and lads, by a promise of social converse and intellectual improveent. Such establishments are common in London. where they are successful in the special object aimed at, and also as profitable places of business to their proprietors. There is no reason why they should not succeed equally well here, and if one can be started in the Fourth Ward, others will no doubt follow in other parts of the city, almost equally in need of them. It is an experiment worth trying, and those disposed o aid it can do so, we understand, by sending donaions to J. F. Melliss, No. 285 Broadway; W. H. Appleton, No. 346 Broadway; and A. Pell, jr., No.

AN OFFICER SHAMEFULLY MISUSED. -On the 1st of May Officer Thomas Cook of the Twenty-first Ward was called upon, in the exercise of his duty as guardian of the public peace, to arrest one Annie Ellison for intemperance. The week previous the lady charged Mr. Cook with stealing a diamond necklace worth \$125 from her neck. She brought up a friend in support of the charge, who testified that Cook, upon being informed that he was to be arrested for the theft, said he would be - if she should ever get it (the necklace) again. The officer denied the charge, and asserted that Miss Ellison's sister was first accused of the theft. Gen. Nye was retained as counsel by the fair prosecutrix, and Gen. Tailmadge by the accused policeman. An adjournment was had from the 7th to the 16th ult., when the examination was to take place, but on the 14th the thief, unwilling that an honest man should suffer unjustly, inserted as advertisement among The Herald personals, notifying Miss Ellison that her property might be obtained at a certain pawn shop in First avenue. She went there and found that her valuables had been pawned for 50 cents. Miss Eilison did not, therefore, appear against the unfortunate officer, and although the case was adjourned no less than five times, she failed to give him an opportunity of clearing himself from the stigma of his charge. Justice Brennan yesterday dismissed

the complaint through her failure to appear. COUNTERFEIT MONEY .- Mr. Schimers was arrested yesterday, on the charge of circulating counterfeit bills preferred by Charles Sullivan of No. 54 Beekman throughout, and the excellence of the programme of amusements offered, consisting of a monster concert in on the Seventh Ward Bank. Wm. J. Allison of No. 55 Cliff street, also made his appearance at the Police Court, and testified to having been imposed upon. In all Schimers had passed a \$20 bill on the Marine Bank \$20 on the Market Bank, and a \$10 bill on the Seventh Ward Bank. He was committed for examination by order of Mayor Tiemann, in the absence of

DEAD BODIES FOUND.—During Thursday last, a box was discovered floating in the East River, of Stoney Point, which, upon being taken on shore and opened, was found to contain the bodies of eight persons, viz. two men and women, three children and a black man. The Coroner was notified, but how or where the remains came from will remains lovelyed in mystery. The bodies were taken to West Farms village for interment.

FATAL FALL.—Henry Doecke, a sailor, died on Fri-lay, at the N. Y. Hospital, from the effects of fujuries received be evening previous, by falling into the front area of house, No. 6 Oliver street. Concert O'Keefe was notified, and will hold an inquest upon the body to-day.

PATAL MISTARY.—A child 12 days old, daughter of Mrs. Elen Langhry, residing at No. 310 West Nineteenth street, died on Friday from the effects of a dose of morphine, admin-istered by its mother through mistake, for anise cordial. Coro-ner Schirmer held an impost upon the body, and the Jury ren-dered a vertice of "death from an overdose of morphine, admin-stered by mistake."

I_ARCENY.—James Courison was committed yester-day for robbing the trunk of James Price, at No. 155 West Twen-ty-mids street. of \$77.50. He handed over the money and owned that he was guilty. Escape FROM PRISON AND DROWNING.—A convic

Gallagher was sent take to the parameter.

The Robbert Pour boys—named Daniel Moran, John Murphy, George Kleim and James McCoy—took advantage of the absence of Mr. George Nichols, jeweler, No. 14 Third avenue, on Thursday night, to rob his till of \$66. They were absequently sen at the second hand stores in Baxter street making lavish purchases, and, being arrested on suspicion, confessed the theft. \$51 was recovered from the youngsters. They were sent to the Juvenile Asylum.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. - This stirring and exciting drama, as it was originally written for Little Cordella Howard. In 6 acts and 12 tableaux, will be repeated this afternoon and evening, at BARNAWS MUSEUR. Little Cordellas as Eva, and her mother as Topsey—THE Topsey against the world.

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DR. HALSTED AT THE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL AGAIN.—He will now be happy to meet the numbers who have been disappointed of finding him there; and others desiring information in regard to his ROUND HILL WATER CURE, Northampton, Mass. See advertisement on hirst page.

[Advertisement.]

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WHAT TO DO FOR A LIVING to insure success and happiness is the great question with most young men. To learn the takents, defects, and adaptation to business, onesit Fowlers & Wells, Phrenologists, No. 39 Broadway.

pieces, by Mr. Seymour, and sold for next to nothing
—10 cents a number.

We find on our table a publication which at first we took for Mr. Seymour's, called The Musical Guett, in which the form and spirit of his is copied. Friend

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT-CHANDERS-JUNE 3.-Before Judge SUTHERLAND.

SUPREME COURT—CHANDERS—JUNE 3.—Sefore Judge SOTHERLAND.

DIVORCE CASK.

Henry Watkins sat, Harriet Watkina.

This was an application by Mrs. Watkins to set aside a decree of divorce obtained against her by her husband under the following chromastance, as alleged by her affidavita.

Mr. Watkins is a walk-known acout, and tast year was stage manager at Barnum's Museom, where Mrs. Charles Howand (whose husband died recently), was also paying at the same time; Mr. and Mrs. Watkins, who have been married some four or five years, at that time resided at No. 9 Foreyth street, Mr. Watkins's mother residing in the same house; in December, 1889. Mr. Watkins went on a traveling tour with Mrs. Howard, leaving his wide and two children, one aged three and the other two years, in this city; Mrs. Watkins alleged that Br. Watkins returned to the city in March last, when he changed his conduct toward her; one day while they were at their residence, Mrs. Watkins as acryed with a paper which she found was a nummons and complaint by her husband, charging her with adultery, and seeking a decree of divorce from her; Mrs. Watkins showed this paper to her husband, and saked him what he meant by charging her with such acts; Mr. Watkins said, in was only a loke, he did not believe her pulity, and would punish any one who asserted that she was; Mr. Watkins said she should give him the paper and not mention anything about the chromatunes to her father or mother, who would be very angry with him for making such accusations against her; it was only a plan on his part to see how the paper would affect her; being ignorant of the effects of the paper. Mrs. Watkins was served with a decree of the Supreme Court, divorcing them to her husband, Mrs. Watkins then were living together; it has the kuse who was not guilty of adultery, and taking away for a firstle while, but when he came back they would live happily together; that he knew she was not guilty of adultery, and offered ther husband was traveled by Mrs. Watkins was her husband another prov

kinn stated that he had been deceived and imposed upon by his client, and othered no opposition to the entry of an order setting aside the divures. The Judge took the papers and will settle the form of order hereafter. Charles D. Evans, counsel for Mrs. Warkins.

AN OFFERATIC SUIT.

Max Maretack agt. Carl Formes.

The plaintiff has commenced a suit against the defendant to recover damages claimed at \$25,000, alleged to have been they the defendant to go to Havans and there "perform, sing and act as as a stits during the months of January and February, 150,27.

Defendant being a non-resident of the State, on application of the plaintiff, Justice Sutherland granted an attachment against his property.

NOTION TO DISCHARGE FROM ARKEST.

Norman A. Freeman agt. Seth M. Harris.

This was a motion to discharge the defendant from arrest. Mr. Harris was a rrested in a civil suit, for causing to be published in several of the daily papers an elleged libel upon the character of the plaintiff. This morning the Justice desired the metion without costs, and without prejudice to the right of the defendant to make such motion as he shall be advised for a speedy trial at the Circuit. Edmond Blankman for motion; Charles Tracy opposed.

Theodore W. Bayard et al. agt. Jerome B. Fellows.

This is a motion for injunction and receiver. From the papers in the case, it appears that on Sep. 14, 1857, plaintiff stransferred to the defendant, at the Custom-House, cod quarter casks of Burgundy port wine, which was then stared in the bonder warehouse of M. S. Drigs & Co., and was liable to duties, and an advised to the defendant of the defendant was achieved to the defendant at motion and receiver. From durendered, and the remainder is now in custody of the defondant, who called Burgundy port with the speed to M. S. Drigs & Co., and survey and the series of the same day, they delivered to the Jefendant a written till of sale, dated Sept. 14, 1857, signed by themselves, and setting forth that Jerome B. Fellows bought of the defendant and the

wenty days from the day this stipulation shall be exchanged with each party.

3. The judgment shall not only determine plaintiffs' rights, but the rights and claims of all the defendants, jointly as well as severally, against the plaintiffs in respect to all their set-ofs and counter-claims founded upon the stock certificates, or transfers, and of the transactions in which they received or hold them; and if necessary shall embrace separate judgments for or against each defendant, as the case may require in the judgment of the Court or the referres trying the cause.

4. The cause shall be tried (1), at Special Term; or (2), by one or more referrees, not exceeding three, to, be selected by the parties, and to act under an order of the Court embodying the provisions of this stipulation so far as is necessary.

5. Each defendant's intended set off or counter-claim, and the circumstances under which he received his stock, to be first tried; and then, the genuineness of the stock, the validity of which is denied; or it may be tried in the reverse order, as the defendants may choose, or as the Court or the referees may direct.

6. The trial shall take place on the first Blonday of October next, if the cause can be put at issue as to all the defendants by that time; and all parties stipulate to make all possible dispatch, to put the same in roadiness by that time. It cause it shall not be ready to trial by that time, it shall be tried on the first Blonday of the month next succeeding the time when it shall be at laste as to all the defendants who have appeared.

7. No further appeals shall be taken by the parties against whom decisions have been made out their denurrers to the complaint.

E. All the suits commenced and pending against the plaintiffs,

pisint.

8. All the suits commenced and pending against the pisintiffs, by any of the defendants, shall be stayed, and no further proceedings be had therein until the determination of this action, upon such terms as this Court, on the motion now pending to stay such suits, shall prescribe: provided, however, that if the plaintiffs shall fail to compily with this stipulation or with the order of the Court in that behalf, any of the defendants may apply for leave to proceed in such suits, upon the ordinary notice of motion for that purpose.

to proceed in state of the propose that purpose.

To the several Attorneys who appear for any of the Defendants in the above entitled action:

GENTLEMEN: We propose the preceding form of a stipulation, as containing the basis of an agreement which we are authorized to enter into with all the defendants who have appeared, and invite your concurrence with it or with its substantial details, with such amendments, alterations or additions as may be proposed and may be agreed upon between us. Your early reply will oblice, your obselies are reaches.

oblise, your obedient results of the control of the

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT-June 2.-Before The United States agt. Four Boxes marked B. B. & C., containing Clocks and Statesneys.

In this case, reported on Thursday, the Jury brought in a sealed verdict this morning for the claimants (Mesers, Bail, Black & Co.): thus acquitting them of the charge of intending to defranol the Government.

SUPERIOR COURT-Special Tram-June 3.—Before Judge Hordman.—Decisions.

Ann Pierson agt. Louis Walfeiner.—Ordered that the present attorney, payto Ira Baker out of the moneys received by them, the sum of \$65.38 on behalf of costs of Frederick J. King, the former attorney.

Valentine Borscht and wife agt. Jacob Weil.—Ordered that the sum of \$200, deposited with the Sheriff on the arrest of the defendant, be paid over to defendant by the Sheriff.

SURROGATE'S COURT-June L-Before EDWARD C. WEST,

SURROGATE S COURT—June 3.—Before EDWARD C. WEST,
Surrogate.

WILL OF JOSEPHISE M. JENNINGS.

This will was contested on the ground of its infornal
execution. The decessed was a young lady, and two of her
female friends were the witnesses. The betatrix merely asked
them to sign a paper, but she did not say that it was a will at the
time it was executed. The witnesses signed it as her request,
and supposed it was a will. The testatrix being only its
years of ase, could only dispose of her personal estate by will.
Subsequently, the bestatrix reasecuted the will before other
witnesses, and complied with all the requirements of the statute.
The Surrogate admitted the will to probate, and directed
letters testamentary to be issued to the executor named in the
will.

Abraham Wakeman for executor; Benjamin T. Dunning for

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS-JULE 1-Before

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—JONE 1.—Before Judge Russent...

John Kehoe was tried and charged with the homicide (manslaughter in the first degree) of Morris Toomey on the 20th of September, 1882. The presence was jointly indicted for the offense with John Hayes. They and the deceased, the latter being under the influence of liquor, it appears me, take at night, in an oyster saloon near Tenthestreet and Avenne A. One of the defendants ordered three system-sews for himself. The deceased who desired why the prisoner wanted three stews for one man, and thought he must have a very large stomach. The prisoners felt offended, and some egotted talk sessed about the matter. Heyes

said to was able to cal' up not only the store but the dec

SENTENCE OF PRISONERS.

In the Hudson County Court yesterday, Judge Ogdon and Associate Judge Fisk, Charies and Merceles, presiding the following prisoners were sentenced:

Henry Luders, convicted of assault and battery on Ann Lundy;

\$ 20 fine, and costs of Court.

Wm. Szell, for entering the dwelling house of H. D. Holl, by day, and eterlains; I mounts to State Prison.

Alex, McIver, stealing a robe from Dr. E. Olcott, two mouths in county sil.

county jail, Jacob Plaff and John Salbell, for stealing a yoke of ozen from

Catharine Allen, to the State Prison two years each.
Joseph Stephens and John Stanley, assault and battery, and restring Police Officer Clayton of Hoboken. Fined \$10 cach and
costs.

Mary McConnell, for stealing a pair of pants, was fined \$1

Mary McConneil, for steaming a pair or paid, and costs.

John G. Williams, attempt to commit a rape on Knima Stevension, a little girl at Hoboken; sent to State Prison for five years.

Thomas Snyder, passing \$5 counterfest bills, was committed to the County Jail six months.

Peter Dolan, for assault and battery on Henry Williams (colored), was fined \$50, and costs of Court.

John Casey and William Dougherty, convicted of entering a dwelling-bouse in the day time and stealing; one year each to be State Prison.

Henry Scher, for assault and battery on Henry Gleason, was fined \$10 and costs.

Henry Seber, for assault and battery on Henry Green fixed \$10 and costs.

Thomas Riley and Michael McDonough, for assault and battery on Sheriff Seaty, were fixed \$10 and costs.

Bridget Farcen, for testing boots and shoes from John D. Davis, seven months in State Prison.

Henry Stone, for passing counterfeit mousy (two attempts), 10 months in State Prison.

Dennia McCov, assault and battery on Martin Ward, Police officer in Jersey City. Fixed \$10, and costs.

John Francisco, petit larceny. Committed to the County Jail three months, and costs.

The Court then adjourned for the term.

BROOKLYN ITEMS.

SABBATH-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—The Sunday-Schools attached to the Protestant Episcopal churches in Williamsburgh celebrated their Anniversaries on Thursday, it being the Day of Ascension. The schools assembled in their various churches, and formed in line, to the number of some fifteen hundred, on Division avenue. They then marched along Pourth street, South Ninth street, Fifth street, Grand street to Ninth street, thence to South First street, and along South First to the residence of the Rev. Alvah Guien, where, after singing the Fortieth Hymn, they were dismissed. Services took place in the various churches at 3o'clock, and addresses were delivered by Rishop Potter in St. Mark's Church, and the Rev. Mr. Pennington in Christ Church, and the Rev. Mr. Paddock in Grace Church. The exercises over, the children were entertained and dismissed.

ANICABLY ARRANGED .- On Thursday a man named William Doyle was brought before Judge Culver, on a warrant issued on complaint of Mary Gilligan, who charged him with seduction under promise of mar-riage. The complainant was a widow, and the defeatant a widower. The Judge explained the coase-quences to the man, in case he failed to fulfill his promise; and, after some conversation, the parties became reconciled, and were married on the spot.

ANNIVERSARY .- The Anniversary of the Brooklys Orphan Asylum was celebrated at their house, Cumberland street, on Thursday evening. The children were exhibited, and addresses were made by several gentlemen present.

THAT LOST BALLOON.-The balloon of Joshua Pressey, which was picked up on Saturday by the pilot-boat Washington, is 32 feet in diameter, and 62 feet long. It is valued at \$400, weighs 220 pounds, and is capable of lifting 600 pounds.

THE ELEPENTH WARD STREET COSTRACT .- The

THE ELEFENTH WARD STREET CONTRACT.—The Common Council Committee, appointed to investigate the charges against Aid. Dayton, met on Thursday night, and camined a number of witnesses on both sides. The charges saids were, that there had been induced to aiter the figures and inasses the applicants had been induced to aiter the figures and inasses the amount of their bids, and that there was a perfect understanding between the Aldermen and Mr. James Dillon, to when the contract was awarded.

The parties who made the affidavits were severally sworm, and testified that they had offered no money to Mr. Dayton, either directly or indirectly; that he demanded nothing personally, assorting any other source; that they were induced to she their criginal bids in order to perform the work required in the specifications without less; and Mr. Dillon testified that there had been no understanding, either express or implied, between binarily and the state of the contract of the work had been not understanding and that large profits had been made by the contractors by neglecting to do their duty.

Mayor Powell testified that this year he was determined the active standing that they were to perform the work according to the streets abould be theroughly cleaned, and with this view he recommended the Alderman to advance the prices to contracts as price at which it was impossible to do the work, and then leave it unders.

ALLEGED ABDUCTION OF A CHILD .- Yes

THE BROOKLYS ORPHAN ANTLUM, -At the tweete

THE BROOKLIN ORPHAN ANTLUM.—At the twenty-sixth anniversary meeting of the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum, in Combertand street, the following officers were elected for the enemy year: First Directress, Mrs. Phebe Butler; Second do., Mrs. G. H. Tracy, Treasurer, Mrs. B. W. Delamader; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Wyckoff; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Geo. Allen, together with a Board of Managers. During the past year there have been in the Asylum 150 children, and as the present time there are 117. They are instructed in reading, writing spelling, arithmetic, geography and history; also to sew, fait match lighter duties of household work. The receipts the past year have been \$9,493.26, and there is a balance on hand of \$765.05.

Conviction or Pickfocket.—A young man named John Pierson, alias John McDonaid, was tried in the Court of Scasions yesterday, on the charge of picking the pocket of a man named Jones, at the Long Island Railroad Depot, about three perraugo. Pierson and a confederate were arrested at the time, and the money, some \$70, found upon them. They were indicated, but before the day of trial managed to break juil and escaped. Recently Pierson was detected in New-York and brought over here on a bench warrant. He was tried, convicted, and sentenced to the State Prison for five years.

FERRY ACCIDENT,—Mrs. Charlotte Lewis, residing in New-York, was somewhat himred on Thursday night at the Peck-slip ferry on the New York side. She had crossed the forry and attempted to leave the boat before it was secured to the bridge and fell between the boat and bridge into the river. But side, when one of the deck hands lowered a nike pole which she caught and was got out. She was braised, and had a cut in the side which she received from the pike pole. She was taken to the house of Mr. Geo. E. Hoyt in the Eastern District, but is not seriously injured.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—Coroner Horton held an in-quest on Thursday on the body of Win. J. Harted, at No. 168 Jay street, who came to his death by socidentally falling from a tree in Concord street, thereby fracturing his skull. Also, upon Jane Haney, who died middenly in Portland avenue, near lightin, of disease of the heart. Verdicts in accordance were rendered in both cases.

SLAVES IN NEW-JERSEY.—A correspondent of The Newark Advertiser, from Morristown, in alluding to the notice of the death of an old slave last week, supposed to be the last surviving one in the State, says there are two now living in Madison, who belong to Mr. Samuel Roberts of Green Village. Their manners are Isaac Miller and Bell, his wife, the former of whom came gear falling a victim to possog last Sugarget.